



Fulcrum
Therapeutics

J.P. Morgan Presentation

January 2023

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Unlocking the Power of Small Molecules to Change the Course of Genetically Defined Diseases

Two Wholly Owned Clinical Programs								
			Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3			
FSHD	Losmapimod (DUX4 Inhibitor)	First-to-mark	ket potential			Complete Phase 3 enrollment in 2H'23		
SCD	FTX-6058 (Oral HbF Inducer)	Best-in-class	s potential			Phase 1b data update in 4Q'23		

Wholly Owned Discovery Programs

Blood Disorder

Neurologic Disorder

Muscle Disorder

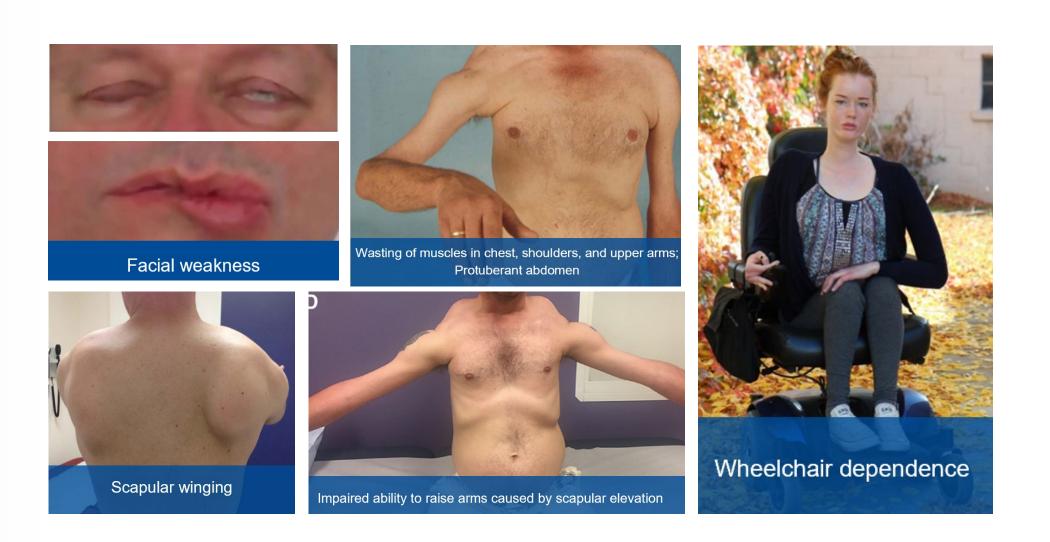
Losmapimod

for Facioscapulohumeral Muscular Dystrophy (FSHD)

Fast Track Designation
Orphan Drug Designation



FSHD: Debilitating Disease with No Approved Therapies



Implementing Innovative Clinical Outcome Measures and Metrics

Reachable Workspace (RWS):

Measure of disease progression

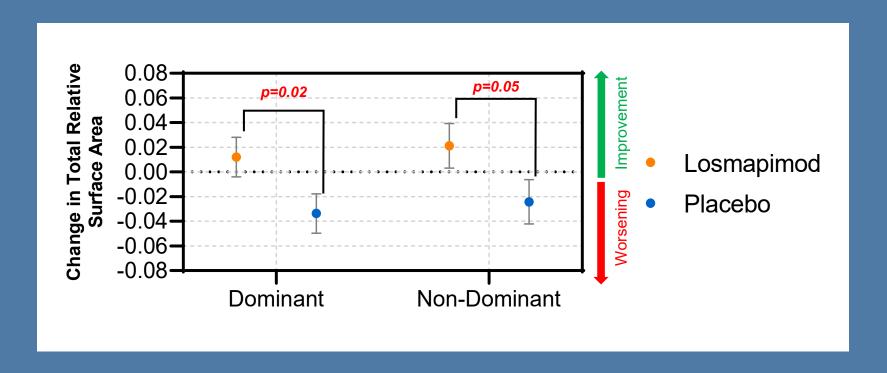
Muscle Fat Infiltration (MFI):

Measure of muscle health

Quantifying disease progression is a key focus

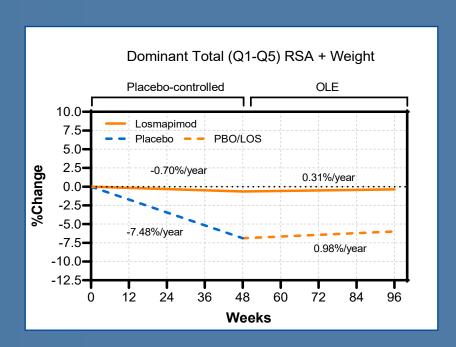
Losmapimod Demonstrated Significant Improvement in RWS Relative to Placebo at 48 Weeks

Reachable Workspace using 500 g Weight at 48 weeks

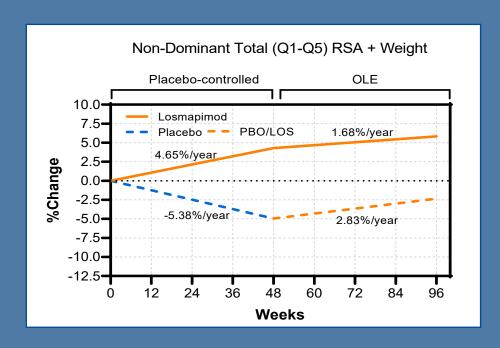


96-week OLE Results Demonstrate Durability of Effect in Treatment Arm and Stabilization in Cross-over Arm

Dominant Total (Q1-Q5) RSA+ Weight



Non-Dominant Total (Q1-Q5) RSA+ Weight



Phase 3 trial enrollment ongoing, plan to complete enrollment in 2H 2023

FTX-6058

for Sickle Cell Disease

Fast Track Designation

Orphan Pediatric Designation



Higher HbF Levels Result in Reduced Symptomology in People Living with Sickle Cell Disease

Even incremental increases in HbF can lead to meaningful improvement in disease severity Stroke **Pulmonary Hypertension** 30% **Asymptomatic** Acute Chest Syndrome (ACS) presentation Nephropathy-20% Reduced recurring events Osteonecrosis-10% **Progressively** reduced Ulcer / Pain mortality **HbF Level SCD Subject with High HbF Levels Typical SCD Subject**

FTX-6058: Potential Best-in-Class Therapeutic Profile

HbF Induction

Hydroxyurea Gene Editing FTX-6058 Physiologic
Disease
Modification

FTX-6058

- Raises HbF level
- Potential to ameliorate disease pathology
- Convenient oral dosing
- Potential to differentiate on safety and tolerability

Ongoing Phase 1b Clinical Trial in SCD Subjects

Subjects with SCD, Age 18 – 65, on or off hydroxyurea (if on HU, must have been on stable dose for 3 months, if not on HU, must have been off for 60 days) 4-Week Treatment Period Cohort 1 (6 mg) 8-Week Treatment Extension 8-Week Treatment Extension Cohort 2 (2mg) **Cohort 3** (12 mg) 8-Week Treatment Extension

Study **Endpoints**

Study

Design

Primary

- Safety and tolerability
- Pharmacokinetic measurements

Secondary

- Change from baseline in HbF
- Change from baseline in reticulocytes

Exploratory

- Biomarkers of hemolysis
- Target engagement
- Incidence of VOCs
- QOL measures

SCD Phase 1b Demographics

- 2 subjects at 2 mg
- 10 subjects at 6mg
- 8.4% mean baseline HbF
- 3 subjects at 6mg on Hydroxyurea



Overall FTX-6058 Was Generally Well Tolerated

- 14 Treatment-emergent Adverse Events (TEAEs)
 - 2/14 TEAEs reported as possibly related to study drug (headache, lip numbness)
 - Mild severity and non-serious
- 2/14 TEAEs characterized as VOCs unrelated to study drug
 - One VOC reported as an SAE with acute chest syndrome (in non-adherent subject)
- No lab-related adverse events
- No discontinuations due to TEAEs



Instituted Observed Dosing and On-Treatment Analysis Following Initial Non-Adherence

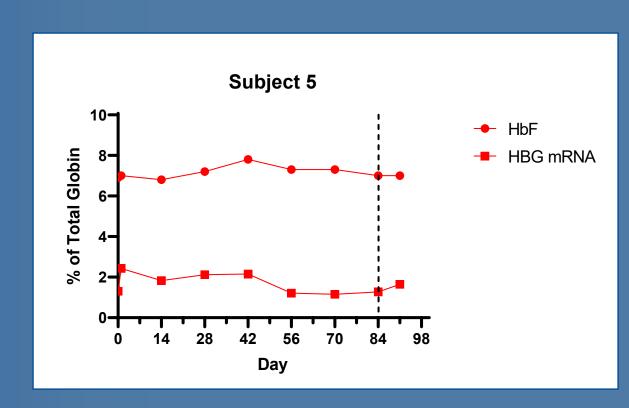
Subject	Dose	Confirmed treatment duration (days)	On-treatment analysis eligible ⁺
1	6 mg	56	*
2	6 mg	42	✓
3	6 mg	42	✓
4*	6 mg	0	
5	6 mg	0	
6	6 mg	0	
7 **	6 mg	84	✓
8	6 mg	84	✓
9**	6 mg	28	✓
10**	6 mg	28	✓
11	2 mg	56 (ongoing)	✓
12	2 mg	56 (ongoing)	✓

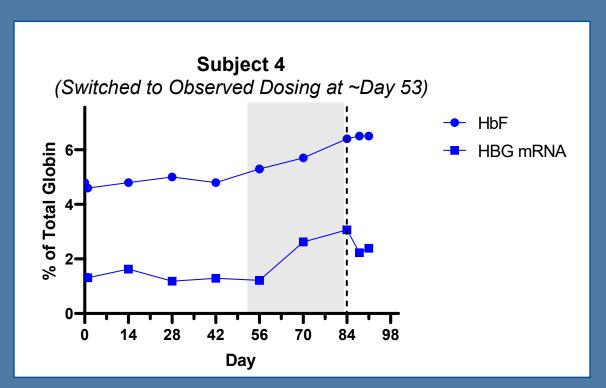
^{*} Subject #4 initiated observed dosing on day 53

^{**} Subjects concurrently receiving hydroxyurea

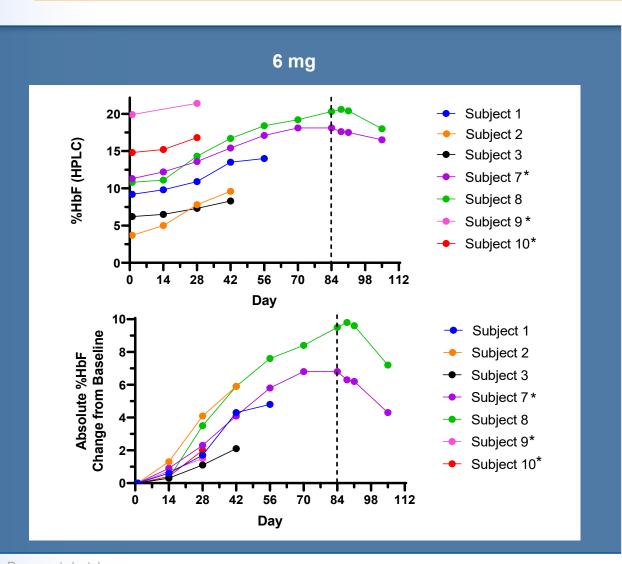
[†] On-treatment analysis eligible requires Detectable Drug Levels (PK) and drug accountability/subject interview Confirmed treatment duration days are consecutive days of dosing starting on first day of dosing Shading indicates subjects enrolled after observed dosing initiated

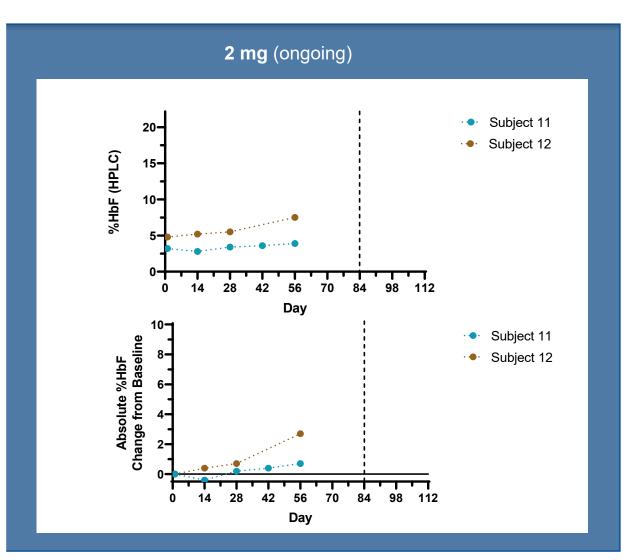
Non-Adherent Subject Switched to Observed Dosing Demonstrated HbF Induction



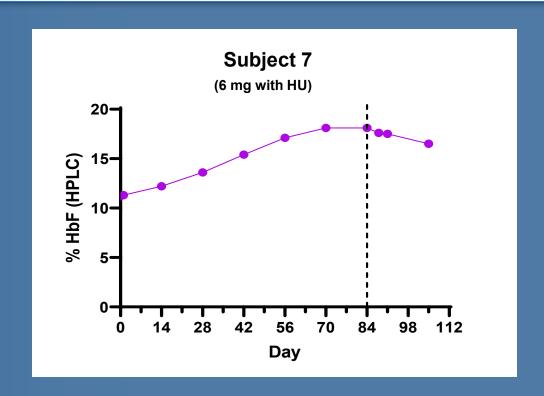


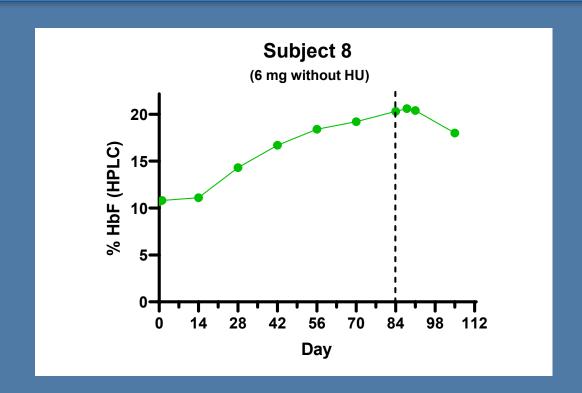
FTX-6058 Appears to Have a Dose Dependent, Clinically Relevant and Consistent Increase in HbF





Adherent Subjects, On and Off Hydroxyurea, Reach Robust HbF Increases





HbF increase was robust (6.8%-9.5%) at day 84
No apparent response differences in HU vs non-HU treated subjects
Potential for further HbF induction beyond 3 months
Observed dosing was used to ensure adherence

FTX-6058 (6 mg) Improved Biomarkers of Hemolysis

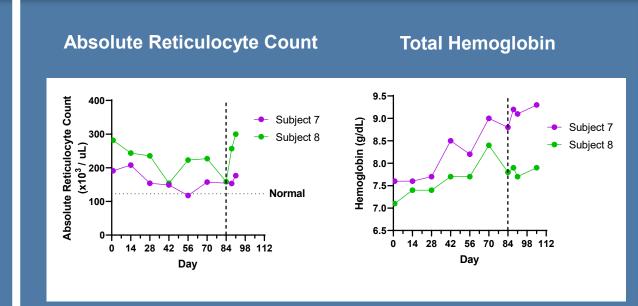
Hemolysis Impact

Red Cell Distribution Width Total Bilirubin Subject 7 Subject 8 Subject 8 Subject 8 Day Normal Day Total Bilirubin Total Bilirubin

Reductions in RDW indicate RBCs are becoming more uniform in shape

Bilirubin decreases indicate less hemolysis

Amelioration of Anemia



Reductions in reticulocytes and increases in total hemoglobin indicate less anemia and healthier bone marrow function

Next Steps: Complete Phase 1b to Enable Registration Dose Selection

Amend Protocol and Increase Number of Sites:
Streamline PK Collection and Reduce Patient Burden

Optimize Treatment Effect:
Continue Dose Escalation to 12 mg

Refine PK / PD Model:
Select Optimal Therapeutic Dose

Accelerate Enrollment

Completion of Phase 1b

Final Dose for Pivotal Trial



Diversified, Differentiated Pipeline of Clinical Assets

Losmapimod:

Complete enrollment in REACH Phase 3 in 2H 2023

Positions losmapimod to be first-tomarket for patients living with FSHD

FTX-6058:

Complete Phase 1b and select registrational dose in 4Q 2023

FTX-6058 has best-in-class potential

Cash runway through late 2024

Well positioned to deliver on goals